Vaping, JUULing, and E-cigarettes: Public Health Implications

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http://www.med.uvm.edu/behaviorandhealth/home



Areas of focus

Young adult tobacco use and cessation

Tobacco regulatory science

Methods and measures



How to assess impact on public health?

FDA's "public health standard" calls for the review of the scientific evidence regarding:

- Risks and benefits of the proposed rule to the population as a whole, including both users and non-users of tobacco products;
- 2. Whether there is an increased or decreased likelihood that existing users of tobacco products will stop using such products; and
- 3. Whether there is an increased or decreased likelihood that those who do not currently use tobacco products, most notably youth, will start to use tobacco products.



Preventive Medicine

REVIEW ARTICLE

Overview of Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems: A Systematic Review



	nic nicotine delivery systems systematic gories and outcomes
Study category	Outcomes
Product features	 Product design Nicotine, propylene glycol, flavouring, particulate matter and other toxicant content
Health effects	 ► Effects of: Nicotine Tobacco-related toxicants Non-tobacco-specific toxicants ► Impact on: Cardiovascular system Lung function Blood count Other physiology Cognition Abuse liability/addictiveness ► Adverse events
	Adverse eventsCytotoxicity
Consumer	► Awareness
perceptions	► Product perceptions
	► Interest
	► Reasons for use
Patterns of use	 Ever, current and dual use with othe tobacco products
	► Initiation/progression
	► Smoking cessation/reduction
	▶ Use among various groups: general population, youth, young adults, adults, current smokers, former smokers, never-smokers, etc
Marketing	► Advertisement/promotion prevalence
	and expenditure
	▶ Claims and depictions
	► Receptivity to advertising/promotion
	Marketing channels
Sales	Market share/sales volume
	► Retail and online availability
Deliaine	Pricing
Policies	Federal, state, local and
	organisational
	Existing and proposedPublic support for policy
	r ubile support for policy

687^a articles included in systematic review

- Patterns of Use (n=252)
- Consumer Perceptions (n=188)
- Health Effects (n=129)
- Product Features (n=86)
- Cessation (n=74)
- Marketing and Communication (n=74)
- Potential to Induce Dependence (n=54)
- Policy (n=51)
- Sales (n=30)

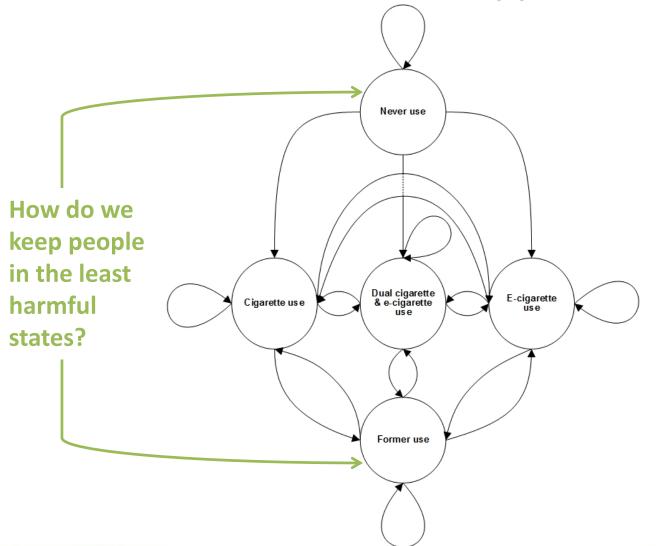


Key questions

- What is the impact of e-cigarettes on initiation of tobacco use (including ecigarettes)?
- What is the impact of e-cigarettes on cessation of tobacco use?
- What are the overall health risks associated with e-cigarette use?



FDA's mandate and opportunity

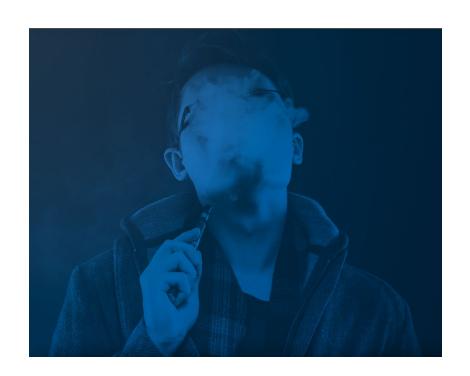


How do we move tobacco users to the least harmful products?



Overview

- What is an e-cigarette?
- Lesson 1: Products matter
- Lesson 2: Context matters
- Lesson 3: Target population matters





WHAT IS AN E-CIGARETTE?

What do you call these devices?





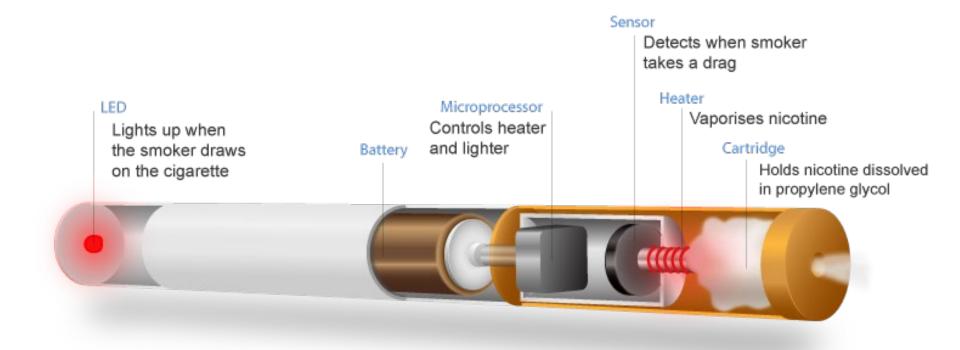








How do these devices work?





LESSON 1: PRODUCTS MATTER

E-cigarettes are not a single product class



Cigarette ideals:

- Standardized product
- Engineered for nicotine delivery, taste, satisfaction
- Easy to use





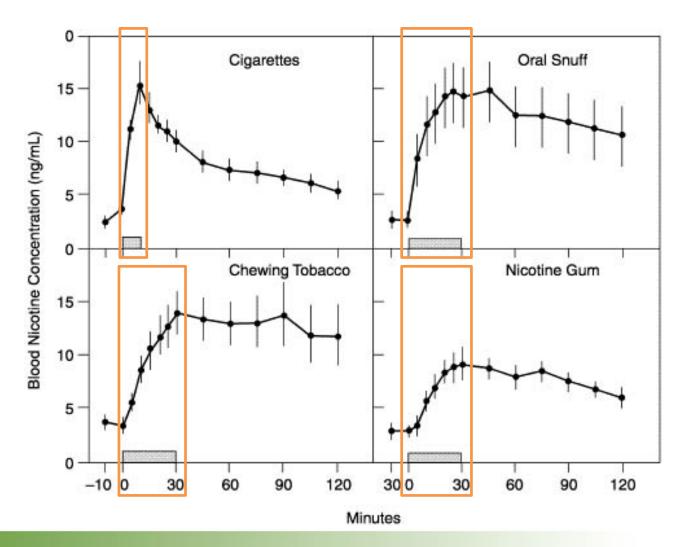






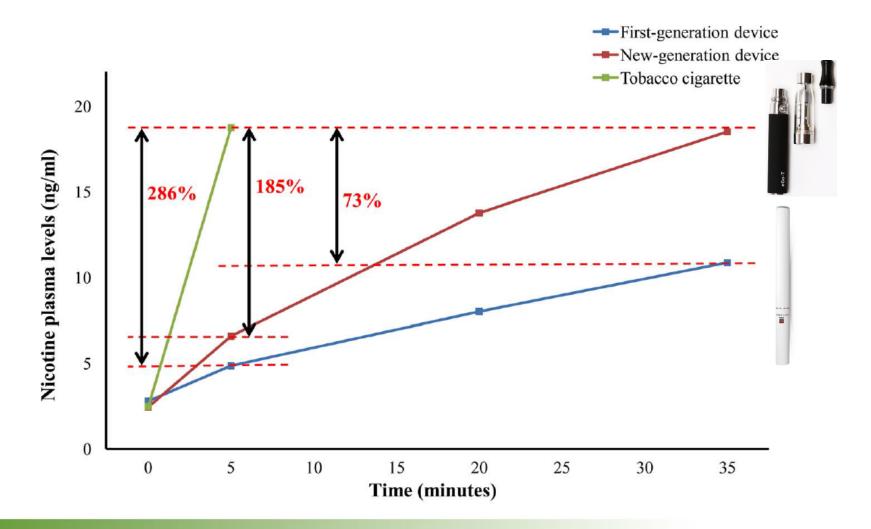


Nicotine delivery, by product

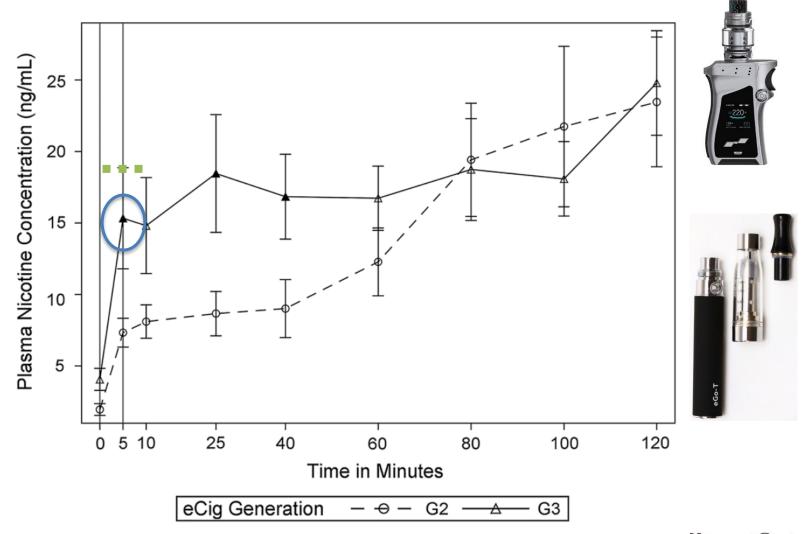




E-cigarette nicotine delivery: Device matters

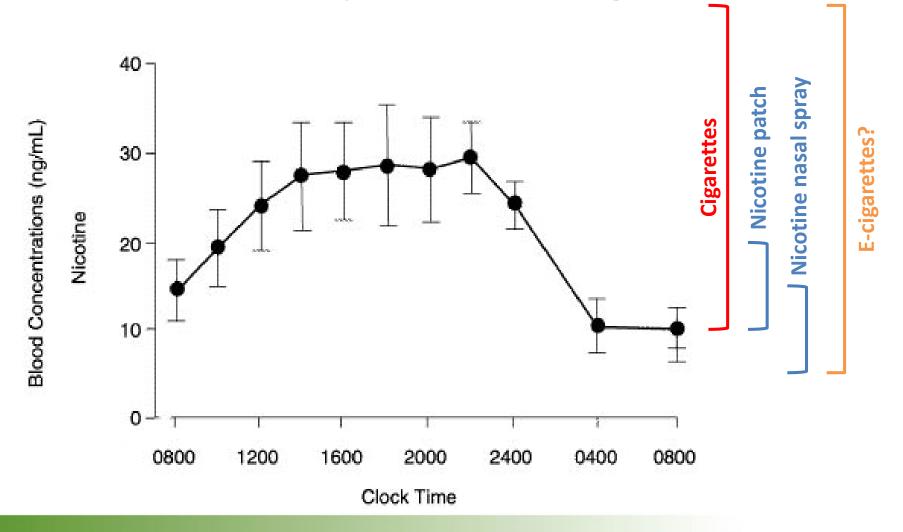


E-cigarette nicotine delivery: Device matters





Circadian rhythms of cigarette use





E-cigarette manufacturers vary











Lorillard Acquires blu ecigs for \$135M

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BUSINESS OF DESIGN

Altria To I annoh Mark Ton F. Cigarette Nationally

E-cigarette maker files for

FALTH AND SCIENCE

BIOTECH AND PHARMA

HEALTH INSURANCE

HOSPITALS

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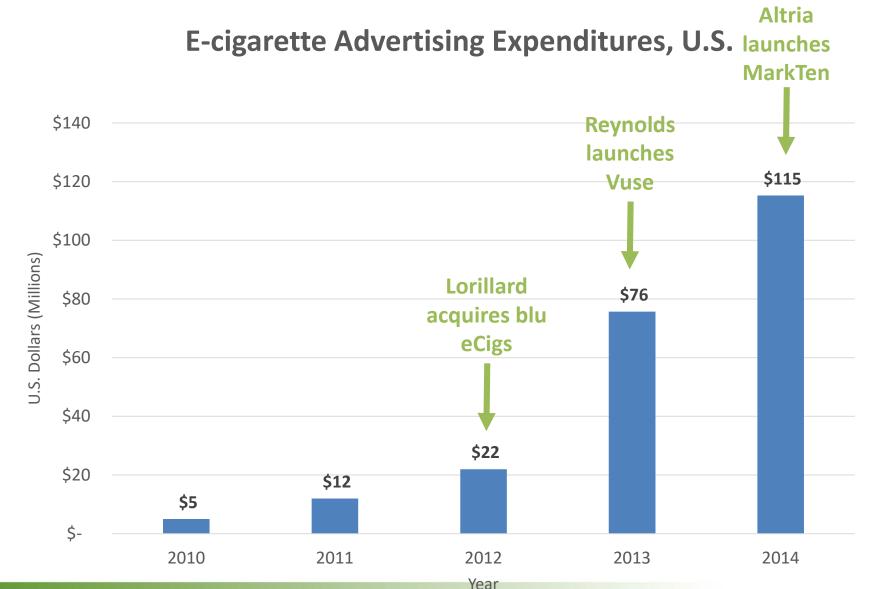
Tobacco giant Altria takes 35% stake in Juul, valuing e-cigarette company at \$38 billion

- Altria has taken a 35 percent stake in Juul, the companies announce.
- Juul represents about 75 percent of the e-cigarette market.

Angelica LaVito | @angelicalavito

Published 7:04 AM ET Thu, 20 Dec 2018 | Updated 4:43 PM ET Thu, 20 Dec 2018





Kornfield R, al. *Tob Control.* 2015;24(2):110-111. Truth Initiative. Vaporized: E-Cigarettes, Advertising, and Youth; 2014, 2016. Huang J, et al. *Tob Control.* 2018.



E-cigarette Advertising Expenditures, U.S. launches MarkTen

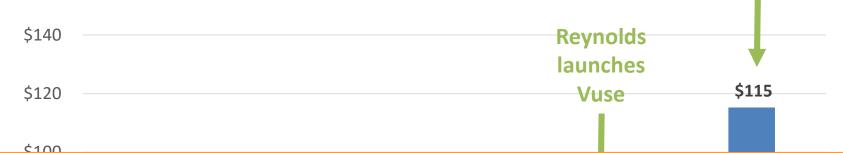
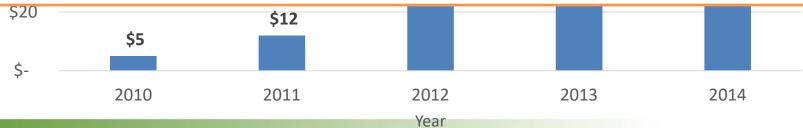


	Table 1	JUUL marketing expenditures in Kantar-tracked channels: 2015–2017
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Year	B-to-B DOLS (000)	RADIO DOLS (000)	INT DISPLAY DOLS (000)	OUTDOOR DOLS (000)	Total \$ (000)
2015 (Q3–Q4)	US\$23.3	US\$538.6	US\$1034.6	US\$45.1	US\$1641.7
2016	US\$57.5	US\$388.8	US\$0.6	US\$78.2	US\$525.1
2017 (Q1–Q2)*	US\$19.6	US\$ -	US\$ -	US\$ -	US\$19.6
Total	US\$100.4	US\$927.4	US\$1035.2	US\$123.3	US\$2186.4

^{*}Due to the lag in data collection and reporting, the marketing expenditure data for the third and fourth quarters of 2017 were not available at the time of this report.

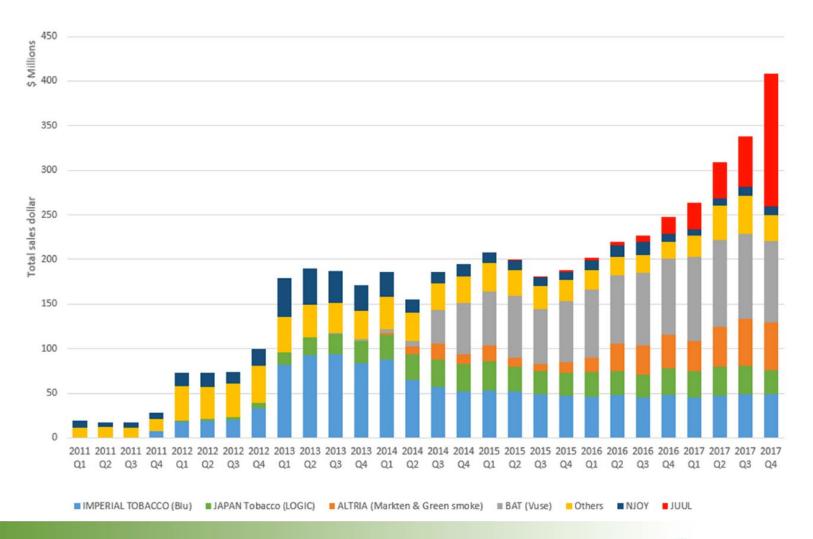
JUUL Total Advertising 2015-2017: \$2M



Kornfield R, al. *Tob Control.* 2015;24(2):110-111. Truth Initiative. Vaporized: E-Cigarettes, Advertising, and Youth; 2014, 2016. Huang J, et al. *Tob Control.* 2018.

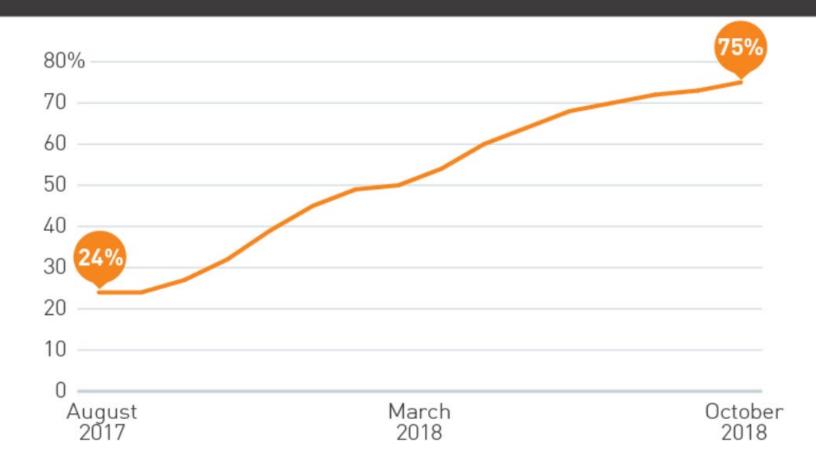


E-cigarette sales by brand: 2011 - 2017



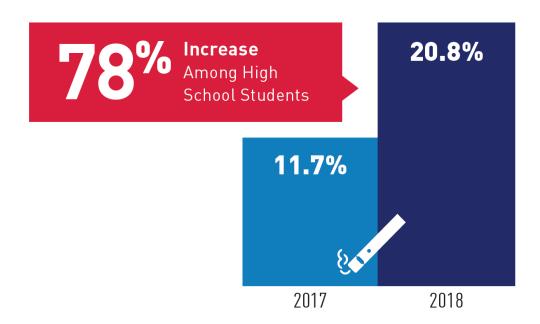


JUUL sales as a percentage of all e-cigarette sales



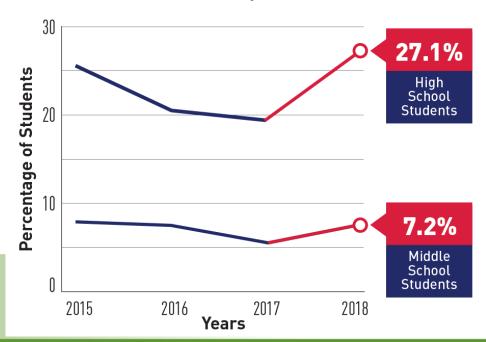
Source: Nielson: Tobacco "All Channel" Data. August 2017-October 2018





Significant increase in past 30-day e-cigarette use in high school students between 2017 and 2018.

Current Use of Any Tobacco Product



http://www.scholastic.com/youthvapingrisks/

E-cigarettes

- 1. E-cigarettes are a heterogeneous group of products.
- 2. These products vary in nicotine delivery and consumer satisfaction both of which are likely to impact their uptake.
- 3. Variety of e-cigarette manufacturers, including cigarette companies.
- Product advertising largely driven by cigarette company products.
- 5. There are no established quality or safety standards for these products.



LESSON 2: CONTEXT MATTERS

Nicotine & Tobacco

- Nicotine = stimulant
- Other compounds in tobacco smoke (e.g., acetaldehyde) may enhance nicotine's effects on the brain
- Characteristic response:
 - increases in blood pressure
 - increases in heart rate
 - increases in respiration
 - improved mood
 - better concentration







Prevalent products in the U.S.

E-cigarettes









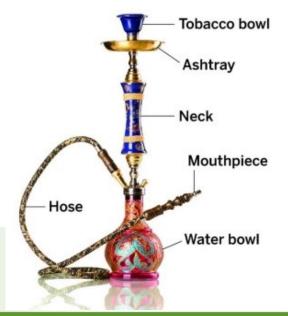




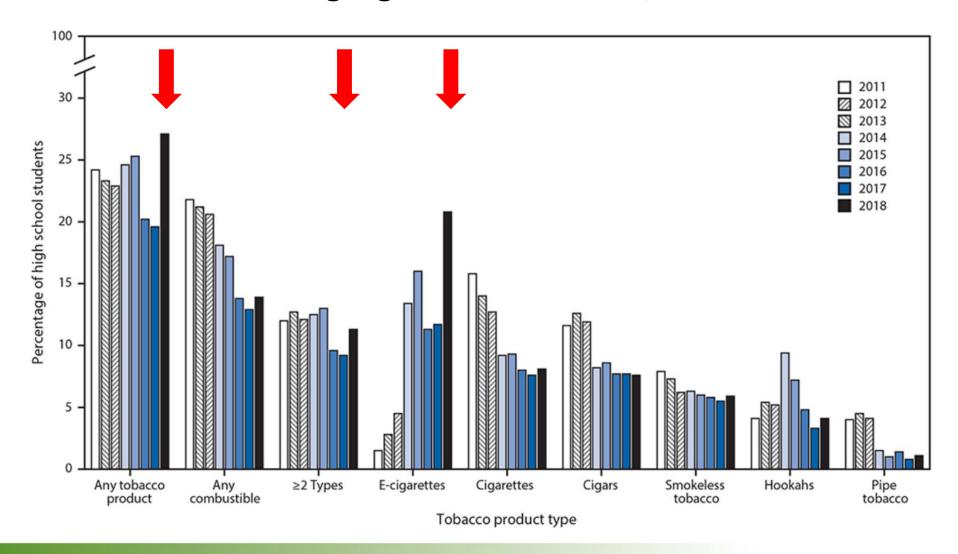




Hookah

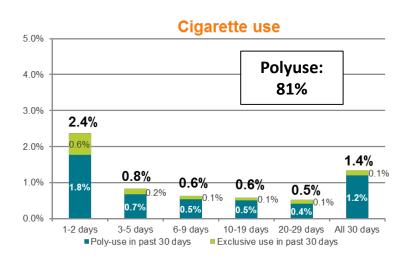


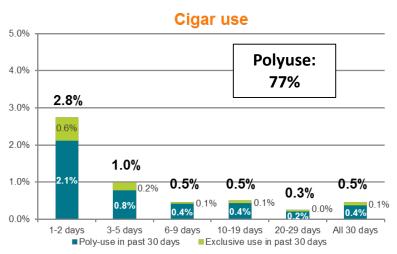
Tobacco use among high school students, NYTS 2011-2018

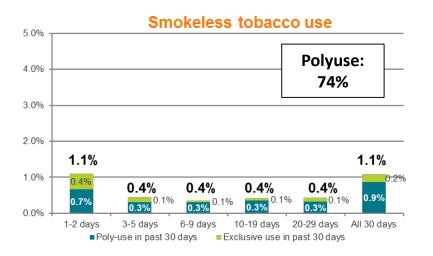


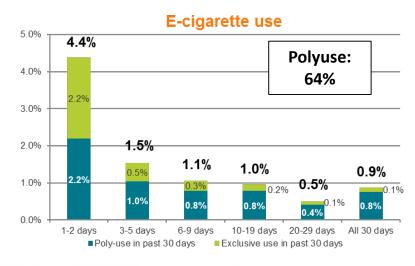


Youth frequency of product use, 2014 NYTS



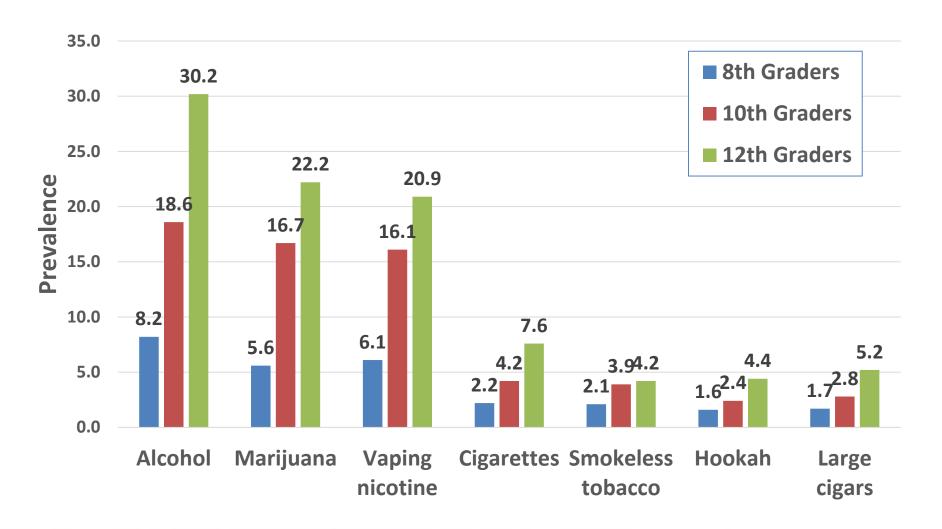






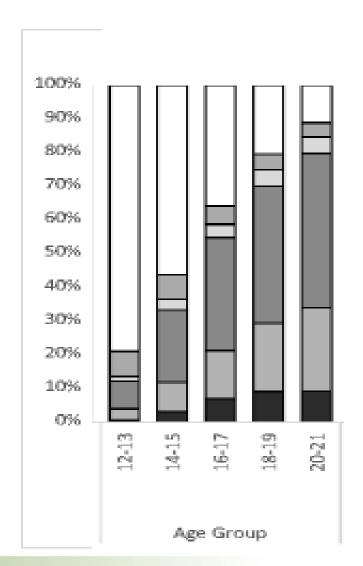


Tobacco and Substance Use in Past 30-Days among Youth



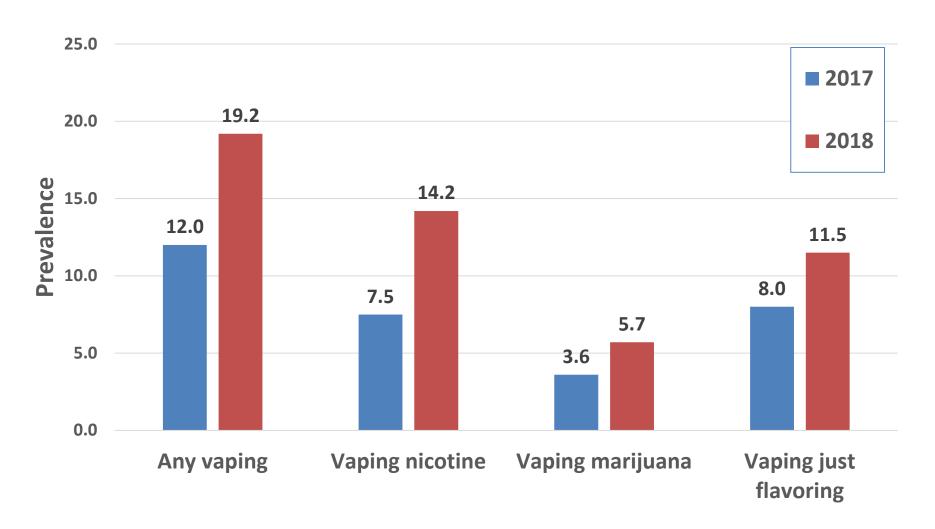


Percent of youth aged 12–21 years whose first drug use was marijuana, cigarettes, alcohol, other tobacco, other drugs, or no drug use





Vaping in Past <u>30-Days</u> among Youth





Context matters

- Youth e-cigarette use increased from 2017-2018.
- Any tobacco product and polytobacco use increased from 2017-2018.
- Polytobacco use is highly prevalent in youth.
- E-cigarette and tobacco product use occurs in the context of:
 - Other substance use
 - Marketing



Why might JUUL be different?

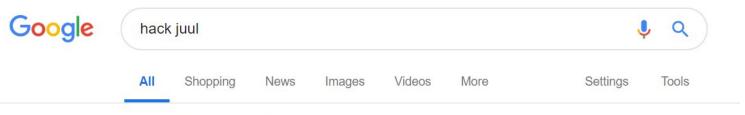


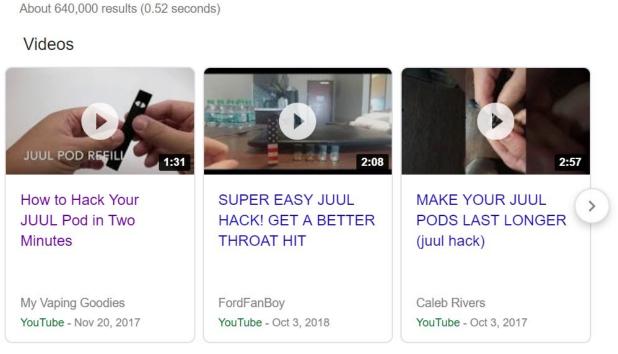


- ALL commercially-available JUUL pods contain nicotine liquid; available in a range of flavors.
- Nicotine salts
 - More stable
 - More efficient nicotine delivery
 - Higher nicotine concentration
 - Easier to inhale
- IT product design
 - Easier to use
- To be marketed next to Marlboro cigarettes in stores around the country
 - Cost of JUUL starter kit: \$30
 - Cost of pack of Marlboro: \$11



MYTH: JUUL cannot be refilled



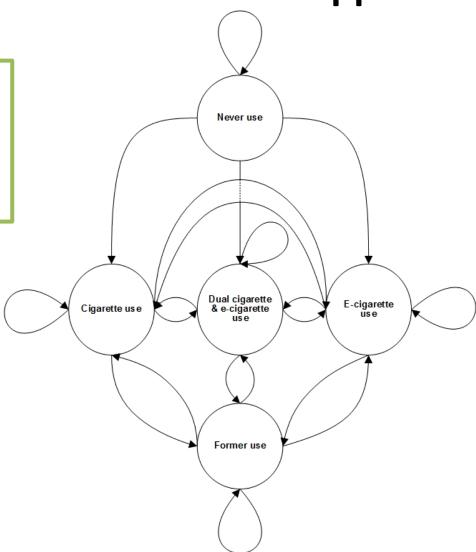




LESSON 3:
TARGET
POPULATION
MATTERS

FDA's mandate and opportunity

Preventing tobacco use



Supporting tobacco cessation



Main concerns re: youth e-cigarette use

Nicotine exposure

 Nicotine exposure during the teen years can disrupt normal brain development and alter the physical structure of the brain, creating permanent changes.

Nicotine dependence (addiction)

Vaping delivers nicotine to the brain in as little as 10 seconds, and a teen's brain is still developing, making it more vulnerable to nicotine addiction.



How does nicotine addiction happen?

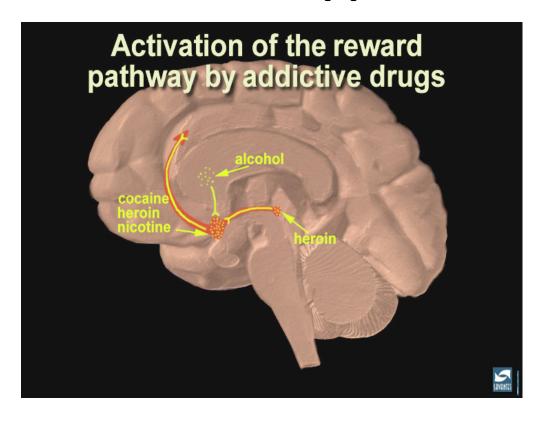
Release of dopamine



Produces feelings of pleasure



Teaches/reinforces behavior



Creates a cycle of:

Craving



Reward



Withdrawal

What does nicotine dependence look like?

- Going out of way to obtain or use
 - Altering one's routines
- Withdrawal symptoms
 - Negative mood
 - Boredom
 - Stress/anxiety
- Hard to stop

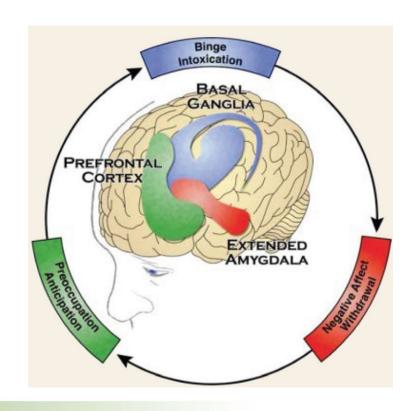


Image from: Volkow ND, Boyle M. Am J Psychiatry. 2018.

doi: 10.1176/appi.ajp.2018.17101174



Criteria for nicotine addiction (tobacco use disorder)

- 1. Tobacco taken in larger amounts or over longer periods of time.
- 2. Persistent desire or unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control use.

At least 2 in the past 12 months

- 3. A great deal of time is spent on activities necessary to obtain or use tobacco.
- 4. Craving or a strong desire or urge to use tobacco.
- 5. Recurrent tobacco use resulting in a failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school, or home.
- 6. Continued tobacco use despite having persistent or recurrent social or interpersonal problems caused or exacerbated by effects of tobacco (e.g., arguments with others about tobacco use).
- 7. Important social, occupational, or recreational activities are given up or reduced because of tobacco use.
- 8. Recurrent tobacco use in situations in which it is physically hazardous (eg, smoking in bed).
- 9. Tobacco use is continued despite knowledge of having a persistent or recurrent physical or psychological problem that is likely to have been caused or exacerbated by tobacco.
- 10. Tolerance, as defined by either the need for markedly increased amounts of tobacco to achieve the desired effect or a markedly diminished effect with continued use of the same amount of tobacco.
- 11. Withdrawal, as manifested by either the characteristic withdrawal syndrome or the use of tobacco to relieve or avoid withdrawal symptoms.

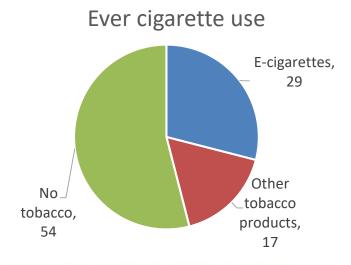


Main concerns re: e-cigarette use

Transition to combusted tobacco products

At the end of 3 years, compared to youth who had not tried any tobacco product, youth who first tried e-cigarettes or other tobacco products had...

4x higher odds of ever trying cigarettes



3x higher odds
of having used cigarettes
in the past 30 days

Past 30-day cigarette use

E-cigarettes,
24

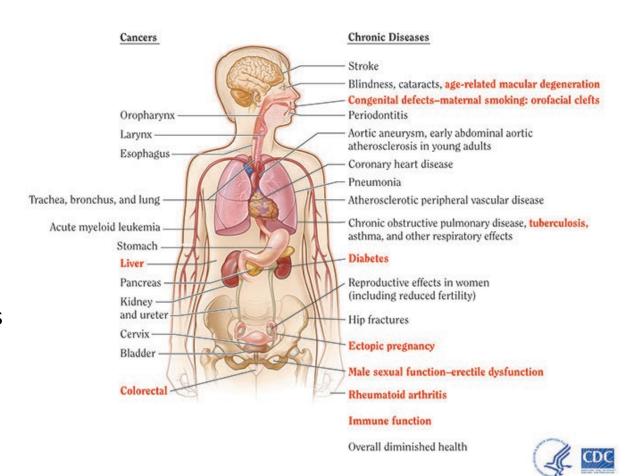
Other
tobacco
products,
19



Health effects of cigarette smoking

- Smoking accounts for 480,000 deaths annually in the U.S.
 - ~1,300 smokingrelated deaths per day

5.6 million of today's youth expected to die prematurely from smoking

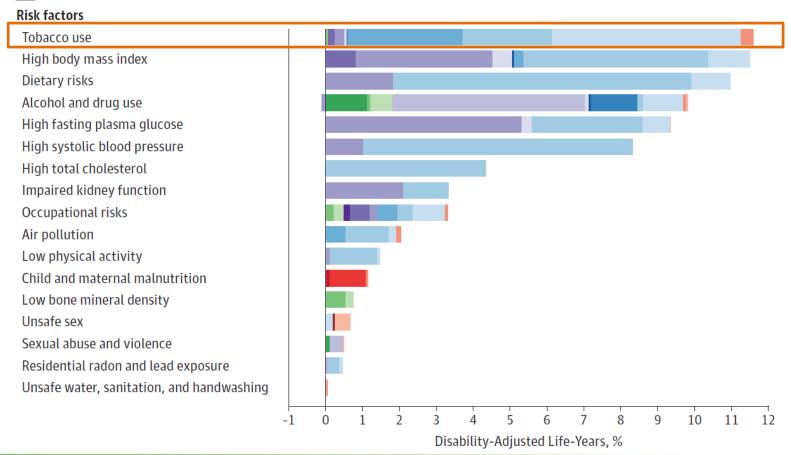




Tobacco use:

Leading cause of preventable death in the U.S.

B Risk factors as a percentage of disability-adjusted life-years





Community Guide to Preventive Services

Intervention	Outcomes Addressed	CPSTF Finding
Comprehensive Tobacco Control Programs	Cessation Initiation Secondhand Smoke Exposure	Recommended August 2014
Smoke-Free Policies	Cessation Initiation Secondhand Smoke Exposure	Recommended November 2012
Interventions to Increase the Unit Price for Tobacco Products	Cessation Health Disparities Initiation	Recommended November 2012
Mass-Reach Health Communication Interventions	Cessation Initiation	Recommended April 2013
Reducing Out-of-Pocket Costs for Evidence-Based Cessation Treatments	Cessation	Recommended August 2012
Quitline Interventions	Cessation	Recommended August 2012
Mobile Phone-Based Cessation Interventions	Cessation	Recommended December 2011
Internet-Based Cessation Interventions	Cessation	Insufficient Evidence December 2011
Mass Media - Cessation Contests	Cessation	Insufficient Evidence May 2000



Vermont laws re: e-cigarettes

	Prohibits e- cigarette use in worksites, restaurants, and bars	Retail license required to sell e-cigarettes over the counter	Self-service displays of e-cigarettes prohibited	Sales of tobacco products including e-cigarettes to persons aged <21 yrs prohibited	E-cigarette tax (tax rate)	Summary of laws enacted as of September 30, 2017
Vermont	Jul 1, 2016	Jul 1, 2013	Jan 1, 2017	_	_	EF, RL, SS
Total	8 states, DC, and Puerto Rico	16 states, DC, and U.S Virgin Islands	26 states	5 states, DC, and Guam	8 states, DC, Puerto Rico and U.S. Virgin Islands	

EF: state law prohibits e-cigarette use in indoor areas of private worksites, restaurants, and bars; RL: state law requires retailer to purchase a license to sell e-cigarettes; SS: state law prohibits self-service displays of e-cigarettes; T: state law applies tax to e-cigarettes; T-21: state law prohibits sales of tobacco products, including e-cigarettes, to persons aged <21 years.



National E-cigarette Prevention Campaigns



truth ad (October 2018)



FDA ad (October 2017)



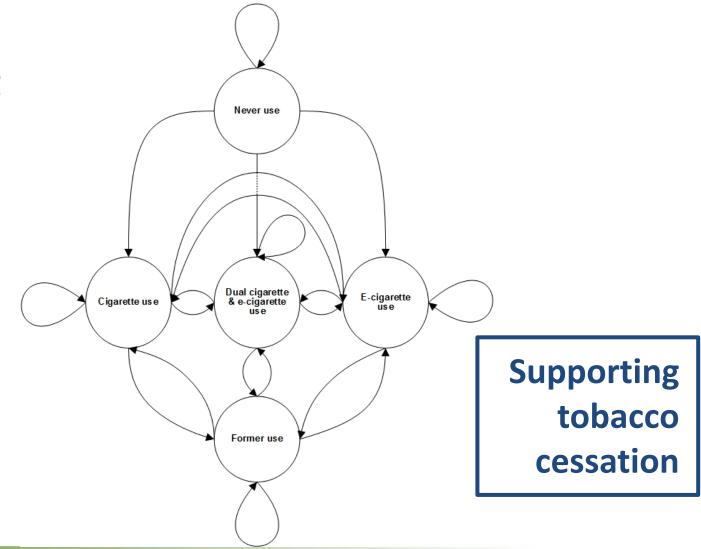
VT – E-cigarette Prevention Campaign



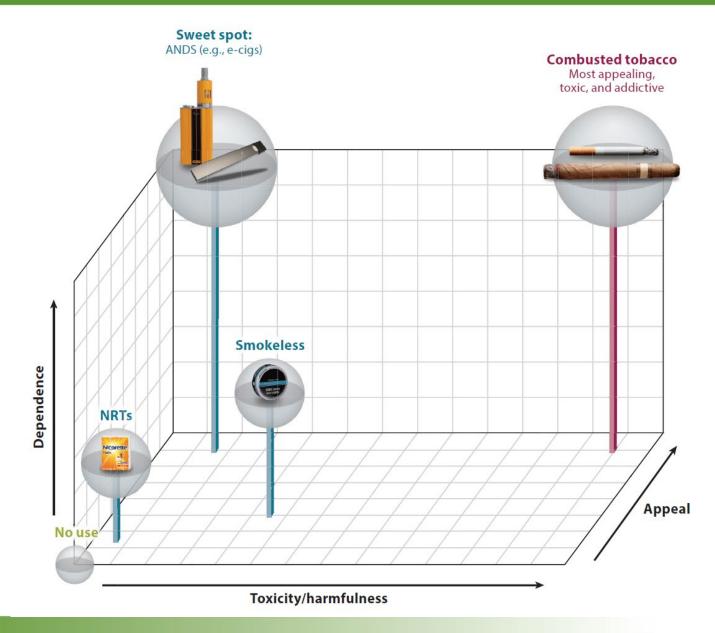


FDA's mandate and opportunity

Preventing tobacco use

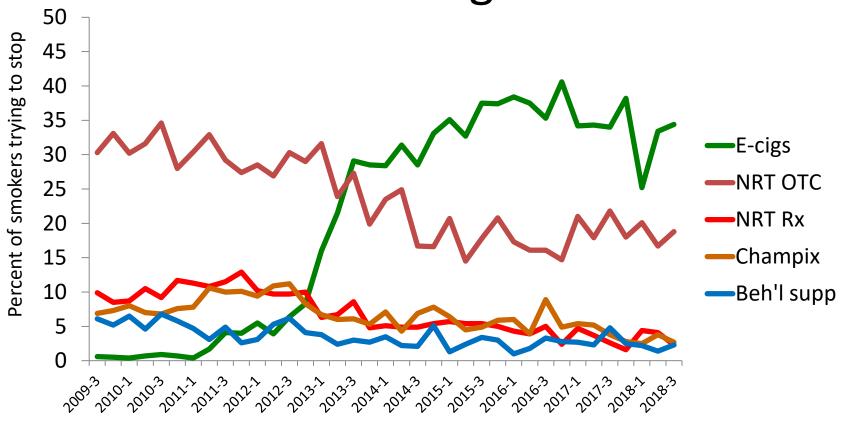








Aids used in most recent quit attempt, United Kingdom



N=14289 adults who smoke and tried to stop or who stopped in the past year; method is coded as any (not exclusive) use



E-cigarettes and cessation: TUS-CPS

- The overall rate of smoking cessation for the US population was significantly higher in 2014-15 than in 2010-11, as well as than in all previous survey years.
- Past-year e-cigarette users in 2014-15 were more likely than non-users to make a quit attempt and succeed in quitting smoking
- "E-cigarettes appear to have helped to increase smoking cessation at the population level."

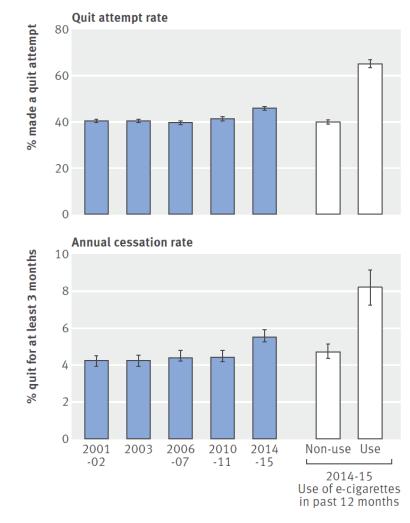
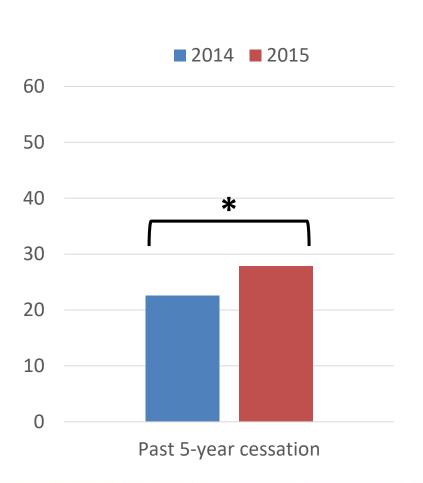
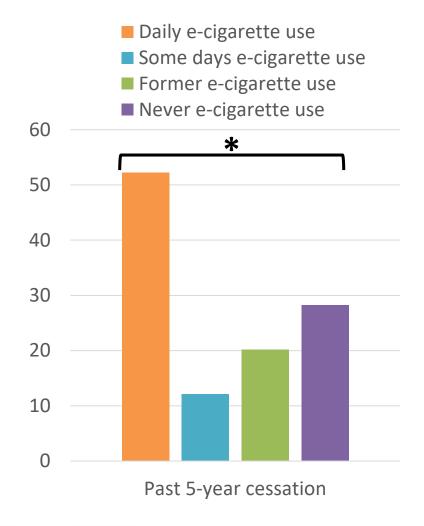


Fig 2 | Quit attempt rate and annual cessation rate from 2001-02 to 2014-15, USA. CPS-TUS=Current Population Survey-Tobacco Use Supplement



E-cigarettes and cessation: NHIS







Reach x efficacy = impact

Treatment modality	Estimated reach	Effectiveness	Potential Impact
Telephone quitlines	325,000	12.7%	41,275
Brief advice from health care provider	20,878,000	13.4%	2,797,652
OTC NRT	10,950,000	21.3%	2,332,350
Internet interventions	12,434,691	12.8%	1,591,640
E-cigarettes*	15,254,499	8.2%**	1,250,870

^{*}Adults who looked for information on using e-cigarettes to quit or reduce smoking (HINTS Cycle 2, FDA 2017)



^{**}Annual cessation rate among those who had used e-cigarettes in the past year

ADDICTION



ADDICTION DEBATE

doi:10.1111/add.14020

How do we determine the impact of e-cigarettes on cigarette smoking cessation or reduction? Review and recommendations for answering the research question with scientific rigor

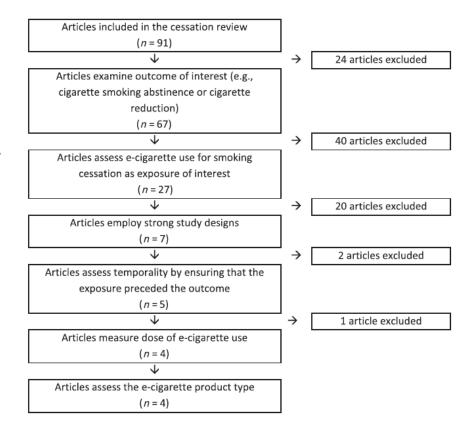
Andrea C. Villanti^{1,2,3}, Shari P. Feirman¹, Raymond S. Niaura^{1,2}, Jennifer L. Pearson^{1,2}, Allison M. Glasser¹, Lauren K. Collins¹, David B. Abrams^{1,2,4}

The Schroeder Institute for Tobacco Research and Policy Studies, Truth Initiative, Washington, DC, USA, Department of Health, Behavior and Society, Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Baltimore, MD, USA, Vermont Center on Behavior and Health, Department of Psychiatry, University of Vermont, Burlington, VT, USA, and Department of Oncology, Lombardi Comprehensive Cancer Center, Georgetown University Medical Center, Washington, DC, USA



E-cigarettes and cessation: Intervention studies

- Only four papers from three RCTs meet all six recommended criteria.
- These studies suggest that ecigarettes are effective in helping adult smokers to quit or to reduce their cigarette consumption, and that rates of smoking cessation with e-cigarettes are similar to rates of cessation with NRT.





Quitting e-cigarettes/vaping/JUULing

Borrowing from tobacco cessation research:

- Set a quit date!
- Make it hard to access a vape.
- Identify high risk for vaping situations and be prepared.
- Wait out cravings by distracting with other activities, especially those incompatible with vaping.
- Keep your hands busy; keep your mouth busy (e.g., gum).

- Review quit reasons frequently.
- Avoid others while they are vaping.
- Reach out to family, friends and physician for support.
- For adults (18+), use FDAapproved medications (nicotine replacement therapy, bupropion, varenicline).



Quitting e-cigarettes/vaping/JUULing

- Practical counseling (problem solving/skills training)
 - strengthen the patient's skills in coping with situations associated with a high risk of smoking; can be specific to certain high-risk situations or involve general social skills
- Social support
 - encouragement and positive reinforcement of quit attempts by family, friends, coworkers, etc.

These are approaches used by most state quit lines (1-800-QUIT-NOW) and online resources (e.g., smokefree.gov).





Quitting resources

- Vermont:
 - https://802quits.org/

4.40 □ ▼ 4 Ø 87% Truth - Quit JUUL

Tuesday, Feb 26 • 8:06 AM

Hey! I'm from truth and here to help you guit JUUL or any other e-cigarette. Ready to guit? Text back your guit date (mm/dd) for 6 wks of 1/day tips. Not sure yet? That's cool too - let's do 2 weeks together to help you figure it out. HELP for help, STOP to cancel. StdMsgRatesApply. Reply MORE for

04/01

Awesome, I've got your quit date as April 1, 2019. ~1 msg/day for 30 days to see you through this (a few more on quit day and the few days before/after) + how to cut down to quit if your quit date is more than a month away.

Wednesday, Feb 27 • 3:50 PM

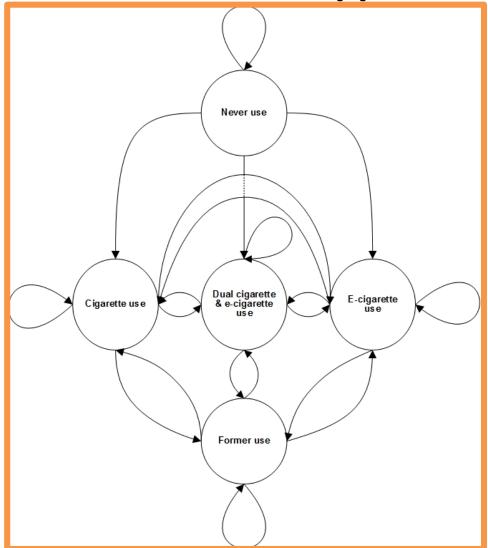
Abigail says "Giving yourself a reason



- National:
 - https://smokefree.gov/
 - https://teen.smokefree.gov/
 - https://www.becomeanex.org/
 - https://truthinitiative.org/quitecig arettes

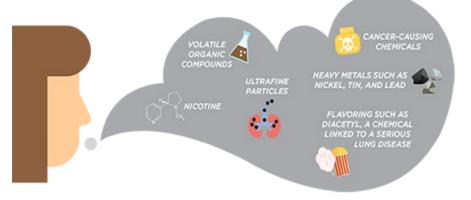


FDA's mandate and opportunity





E-cigarettes: Health effects



- E-cigarette liquids typically contain nicotine, flavorings, and humectants (to retain moisture).
 - Overall, e-cigarette aerosol contains fewer numbers and lower levels of toxicants than smoke from combustible tobacco cigarettes.
 - Nicotine exposure can mimic that found with use of combustible tobacco cigarettes, but it is highly variable.
 - The exposure to nicotine and toxicants from the aerosolization of flavorings and humectants depends on device characteristics and how the device is used.



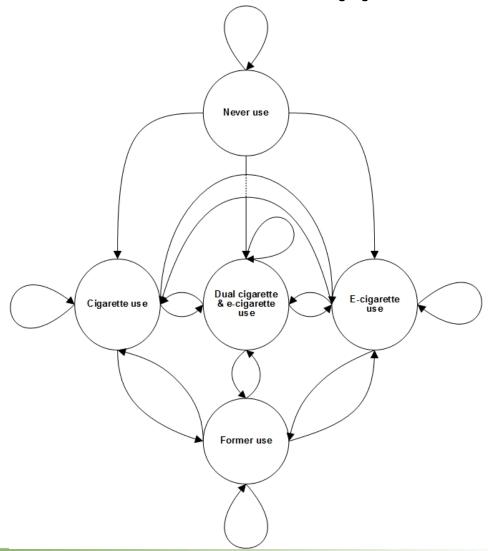
E-cigarettes: Health effects

- E-cigarettes have short-term negative effects on health.
 - Cell dysfunction, tissue injury, increased heart rate, DNA damage, injury, poisoning, nicotine dependence.
 - Implications for long-term effects on morbidity and mortality are not yet clear.
- Evidence suggests that while e-cigarettes might cause youth who use them to transition to use of combustible tobacco products, they might also increase adult cessation of combustible tobacco cigarettes.



FDA's mandate and opportunity

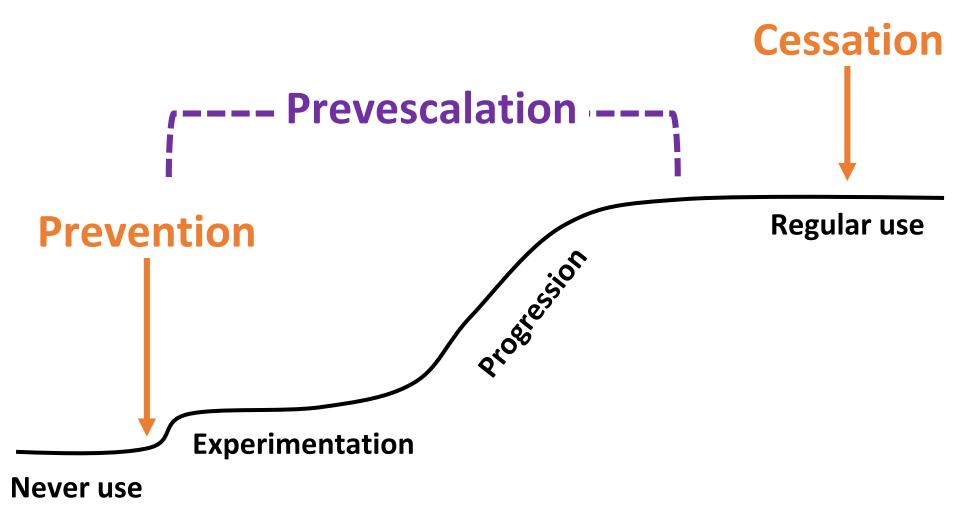
Preventing tobacco use



Supporting tobacco cessation



Novel intervention points







To understand the impact of state-level policies and communication campaigns on substance use beliefs and behaviors in young Vermonters.

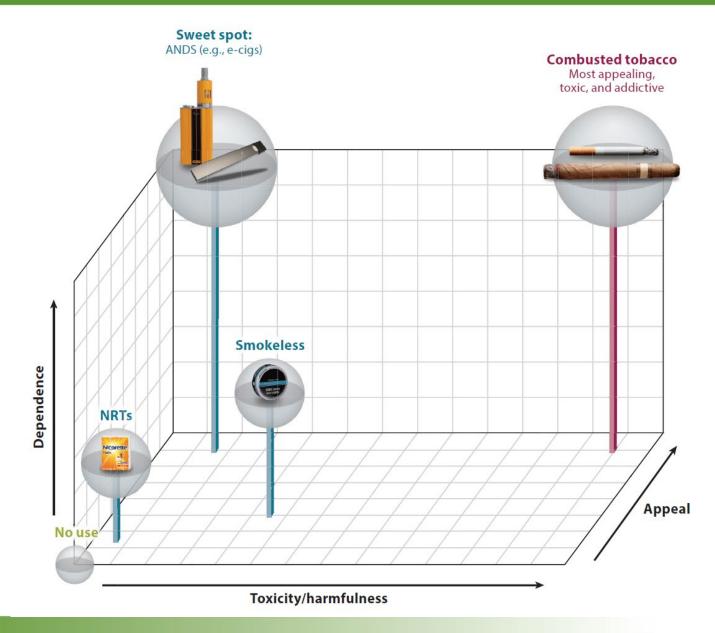
www.pacevt.org







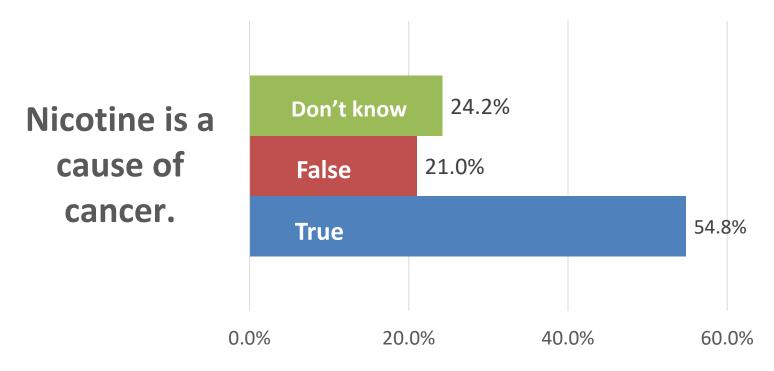
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Nicotine beliefs

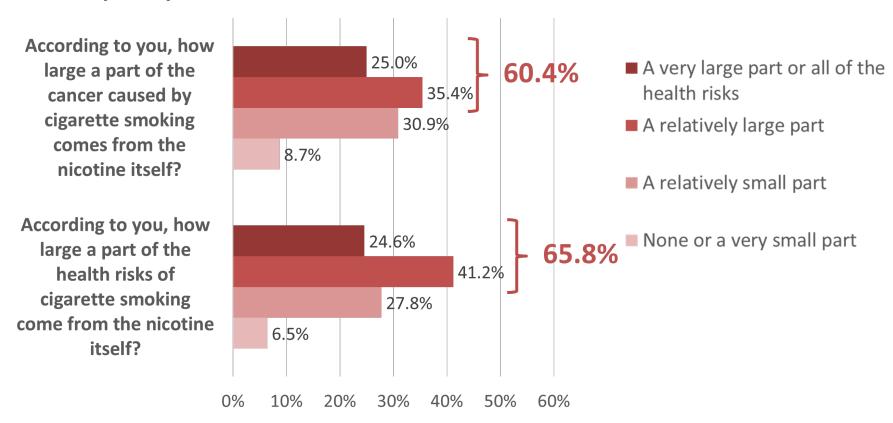
4,091 participants aged 18-40 completed Wave 10 of the Truth Initiative Young Adult Cohort Study





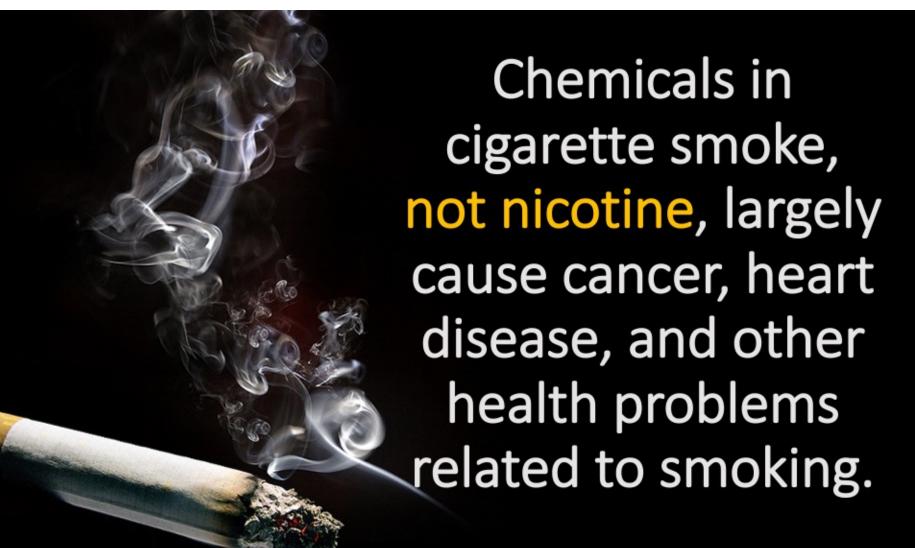
Nicotine beliefs

Nicotine perceptions re: health risks





Nicotine beliefs



Summary



- Lesson 1: Products matter
- Lesson 2: Context matters
- Lesson 3: Target population matters



Resources

- Vermont Department of Health "E-cigarettes, Vaping and Juul Resources: 2019"
 - http://www.healthvermont.gov/sites/default/files/documents/pdf/Health%20Department%20E-Cigarette%20Resources%202019%202.5.19 0.pdf
- National Academy of Sciences, Engineering and Medicine Consensus Study Report "Public Health Consequences of E-Cigarettes"
 - https://www.nap.edu/resource/24952/012318ecigaretteHighlig hts.pdf
- Office of the U.S Surgeon General and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
 - https://e-cigarettes.surgeongeneral.gov/

